THE
South-Carolina GAZETTE.
[NUMB. 1745.]

THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1769.

New Advertisements.

THE Subscriber, being desirous to contribute his Mite towards encouraging *American Manufactures*, will give a good Price for as much HOME-SPUN CLOTH as will make him a Suit or Two of Cloaths. JOHN PRUE.

February 23d, 1769.

TO BE LETT, for a Term of Years, to commence the first Day of *June* next:

THE WHARF and STORES on the Bay, now occupied by Mr. THOMAS LEGARE.—Enquire of DAVID GRÆME.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. GEORGE SEAMAN, deceased, by bond, note or otherwise, are requested to call and discharge or settle the same, especially those who are in arrears for interest;—and those who have any demands, to send them in.

JAMES LENNOX,
DAVID DEAS,
WILLIAM LENNOX,
JOHN DEAS,
} *Executors.*

The HOUSE wherein the said deceased lately dwelt, is to be lett, and may be entered upon immediately. Any person inclining to rent the same, may apply to Mr. JOHN ROSE. [3m]

JAMES McCALL,

Has imported, in the Philadelphia Packet, Captain Taylor, from BRISTOL:

A small Assortment of GOODS;

Consisting of many USEFUL ARTICLES:—Which are to be sold at a moderate profit, at his Store in Tradd-street.

SHADOW,

HAVING now proved himself a *capital* HORSE, as well by his performances as by an authentic pedigree, to be seen in the hands of the Subscriber, WILL COVER this season, at *Walnut-Hill* Farm, near *Dorchester*, at FIVE POUNDS sterling each Mare, and a Dollar to the Groom.

He only covers *twenty* this year; and those Gentlemen who speak first, will have the preference.

Mares not to be sent sooner than the 20th of April; and none covered without the money being first paid.

N. B. Good Summer Pasture for Mares, and great care will be taken of them. THOMAS NIGHTINGALE.

JAMAICA, WEST-INDIA and NORTH-WARD RUM, by the hogshead;—superfine FLOUR;—BAR IRON;—best double BEER;—ship, water, and butter BREAD to be sold by DANIEL BOURDEAUX.

N. B. A CONSIGNMENT of IRISH and BRITISH LINENS, from 1s. to 3s. 6d. sterling per yard, will be sold at *EIGHT* and an *HALF* for *One*, CASH.

TO BE SOLD,

On Thursday next, the 2d of March, at public Vendue:

The good Brigantine NORTON,

CHRISTOPHER BROOKS Commander.

BUILT in about 90 Tons, Virginia built, and about three Years old; with all her Tackle, Apparel, &c. in good Convenience, and fit for the West-India Trade. Inventory to be seen, by applying to said Captain, or at Tuke's Tavern.

SALES by the Provost-Marshal.

On TUESDAY the 14th of March next, WILL BE SOLD at public Vendue, at the usual place in Charles-Town:

NINE valuable NEGROES,—late the property of John Harvey:—Likewise, three valuable NEGROES, two rowing CANOWS, &c.—late the property of Nathaniel Blundell, and sold by order of court, under the Attachment-Act, by ROGER PINCKNEY, *Pro. Mar.*

On TUESDAY the 14th of March next, WILL BE SOLD at public Vendue, at the house of Mr. William Flynn, in George Town:

ALL those valuable PLANTATIONS or TRACTS of LAND, formerly advertised in Mr. Wells, and Mr. Timothy's Gazettes of January last. The conditions of the sale, about *Three Thousand Pounds* of the purchase money to be paid on the titles being made; and credit for the remainder until the first day of January 1770, giving approved security, and paying interest from the day of sale; the said lands being late the property of ELIAS FOISSIN, Esq; deceased, and sold under execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, *Pro. Mar.*

Also, a TRACT of LAND, containing 210 acres, on Black river, butting and bounding to the Southward on said river, Eastward on Mr. ——— land, and Westward on Mr. John Rose's land; late the property of ANDREW JOHNSTON, deceased, and sold under execution by ROGER PINCKNEY, *P. M.*

On TUESDAY the 21st day of March next, WILL BE SOLD, at public Vendue, at the usual place in Charles-Town:

A PLANTATION OR TRACT OF LAND, containing 500 acres, more or less, lying and being in Colleton county, in the province aforesaid, butting and bounding Northwardly on Sarah Chamberlain's land, and all other sides by land vacant at the time of the grant; late belonging to the estate of JOHN WHITFIELD, deceased, and sold under execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, *Provost-Marshal.*

A genteel DINING-ROOM,

FURNISHED or unfurnished, TO BE LETT, and two other ROOMS.—Enquire of the Printer.

WAR-OFFICE, *December 17.*

COLONEL Alexander Mackay is appointed to be Major General in America only.

Whitehall, Dec. 20. This day his Majesty came to the House of Peers, and the Commons being come thither, his Majesty was pleased to give the royal assent to (among others,)

An act to allow, for a farther time, the free importation of Rice into this kingdom from his Majesty's colonies in North America.

Whitehall, Dec. 27. The King has been pleased to appoint Robert Murray Keith, Esq; his envoy extraordinary to the court of Dresden. *Lon. Gaz.*

LONDON.

December 6. It is raported that the Rev. Mr. Kidg—l received a douceur of 500l. as a reward for his services in a memorable transaction.

December 7. Letters from the confines of Poland advise, that the Russians are forming an army of 60,000 men near Kiovia, to oppose the Turks, whose motions seem to threaten somethieg on that side.

Earl P——e and Capt. F——r are now in Corsica, but forbid to draw either the sword or pen, on which a nobleman of no small humour said, "They were *Spectators*, and perhaps *Guardians*, but not *Tatlers*."

December 8. According to the laws of population the white inhabitants in our colonies will, in a century more, be increased to twenty-two millions and a half.

A little before eleven o'clock, the sheriff opened the poll for a knight of the shire for Middlesex, at Brentford. The candidates were Sir William Beauchamp Proctor, and John Glynn, Esq. The election went on with much tranquility and regularity till about a quarter after two, when, as Mr. Glynn says, 'a desperate set of armed ruffians, 'with Liberty and Proctor in their hats, without the least opposition, 'without the least provocation, or cause of quarrel, were, at a signal, 'let loose upon the peaceable, unarmed, and inoffensive freeholders of 'the county of Middlesex, in order to destroy those whom they could 'not corrupt, and to wrest from them by violence, that freedom of 'election, which every undue and unconstitutional interposition had 'failed to overthrow.' But, as the friends of Sir William Beauchamp Proctor represent the matter, the most desperate set of ruffians appeared on the side of Mr. Glynn, many of whom, being freeholders, had possessed themselves of the stations next the poll-books, and having poll'd themselves for Mr. Glynn, continued to obstruct the friends of Sir William, who were very numerous, from approaching the poll; this produced a quarrel, in which a constable who attended, had his staff broken, and other constables hastening to his assistance, a hat was thrown very high in the air, and then a number of ruffians with clubs and bludgeons, rushed into the street, and beat down indiscriminately every person that came in their way; and thus they advanced beating against the booth, till they had driven off near all the voters and the sheriff's clerks; this done they marched round in triumph, flourishing their sticks, huzzaying, and crying, "*Glynn for ever.*" Sir William, and two friends of his, were very near being demolished in going to a gentleman's house, the windows and gates of which were broken immediately to pieces, and Mr. Sheriff Shakespeare (who is charged by Serjeant Glynn with taking the part of Sir William) narrowly escaped from the hustlings alive.

Letters from Leghorn advise, that the French garison of Bastia, wanting to secure their winter quarters and communication with St. Florent, attempted on the 5th of November to seize on some posts in the neighbourhood of Bivinco, and the better to divide the enemy's forces, made a feint of marching to Muratto; but that Paoli, after reinforcing the garison of Muratto, had obliged the French detachment, which was marching towards Bivinco, to retire with considerable loss.

We hear a gentlewoman has in her possession some letters, which, when read, will clear up certain transactions concerted against a popular gentleman.

December 9. It was yesterday reported, that the court of Portugal had made some extraordinary concessions to Mr. Lyttelton, in favour of our commerce, the particulars of which are said to be transmitted home by the last mail.

December 10. It is reported that his Prussian Majesty, ever zealous in the cause of liberty and confidence, is forming a respectable army against the approaching spring, to be ready to assist the Russians in defence of the Dissidents of Poland, and against the Turks; from whence it is conjectured, the Sublime Porte will have more than one, if not three or four enemies to oppose its designs on the northern parts of Europe.

Walter Dulaney, Esq; is appointed Commissary General of Virginia.

Thursday morning his Maj sty's ship Dorsetshire sailed from Spithead, with the 25th regiment, with a fair wind, for Minorca.

Thursday there were three Dutchesses, two Marchionesses, and fifteen other ladies of high rank in the private gallery at a certain great house, to hear the proceedings on a certain interesting affair then under consideration there.

There has been this week a very high dispute between two great men, who have always been hitherto on one side; and it is the general opinion, that if it is not adjusted soon, a more universal ministerial revolution will be consequent of this disagreement, than has taken place since the reign of Queen Anne.

December 12. A popular affair that was to have been taken into consideration this day, is postponed to the 27th of next month.

Some letters from Poland advise, that the Grand Seignor has published a manifesto, declaring null and void all the acts of the Diets of Poland, which have been held since the election of the reigning King.

Letters from Leghorn, dated Nov. 14, mention, that two Engineers in the service of France, under pretence of being French deserters, lately got into Isola-Rossa, in Corsica, and after having been there a few days, obtained an interview with the commandant, to whom they declared their real character, and offered him 1000 louisdores to deliver up the fortress to the French troops at a certain time, which he agreed to do. But Paoli having some intelligence of this plot, suddenly arrived at the head of 700 men, and caused the commandant of Isola Rossa to be arrested, with the two engineers, and some other persons.

December 13. The last letters received at Vienna from Constantinople, of the 2d ult. say, "The Turks have already sent to Choczim and Bender 600 pieces of cannon; that the body of artillery consists of 4000 men, and that the whole army will amount to 300,000, commanded by an old Seraskier, who has given proofs of his courage and conduct. These letters add, that the Mufti, or Chief of the Law, is dead; and that the Grand Vizir, who was lately deposed, died likewise as he was going to his government. The death of the former puts an end to all our hopes of keeping peace between the Russians and the Turks."

They write from Dantzick, that immense quantities of ordnance stores, are now transporting from that city, by land and water carriage, for the use of the Russian armies.

According to recent letters from Leghorn, General Paoli had declared to the chiefs of Corsica, that no dependance was to be placed on the professions of France, who with one hand held out amicable treaties, and with the other encouraged private treasons and assassinations.

December 19. In the month of September, as mentioned in the papers, a Publican in Shoreditch sold his wife to a butcher for a lottery ticket, which being now drawn a blank, the lady is returned to her husband, agreeable to the contract.

A report prevailed yesterday morning, that Great-Britain has been applied to by a certain power on the continent, to interest itself in the present quarrel with the Turks.

A letter from Corsica, dated Nov. 18, says, "The two persons who have absconded for being concerned in this plot for delivering up Isola-Rossa to the French, are Messieurs the brothers Fabiani. They have retired to Calvi. Eight days are allowed them to come to justify themselves; and at the end of that term, in case they do not appear, they will be proceeded against according to the rigour of the laws. Their wives and children are, in the mean time, conducted to the Castle of Corte."

December 16. Yesterday the Houses both of Lords and Commons were very full, and it was expected they would sit late.

The Parliament of Britany have come to a resolution, by a majority of 22 votes to 13, of petitioning the King to recall all their exiled members.

A Northern Potentate, (whose kingdom is now the seat of civil and foreign commotion,) is daily expected here incog. for whose reception a house is said to be taken.

The Dutch are said to have purchased the Marquisate of Bergen-op-Zoom of the Elector Palatine, on which territory they had before only a fort.

A few days since was driven through Salisbury city in its way to London, a surprizing fat ox, weighing 300 stone, or 4,200 lb.

Tuesday last, Mr. Joseph Nicholson, a merchant in the Carolina trade, was married to Miss Jane Gibson, daughter of the late Thomas Gibson, Esq; of Doctors Commons.

His Danish Majesty left Paris, in order to return to his own dominions, the 9th instant. He intends to go by the way of Metz and Strasburgh.

The long contested affair in a Northern county, we are informed, was this morning determined in favour of the petitioner.

December 17. The Hon. House of Commons which met on Thursday, sat till half an hour past one o'clock yesterday morning.

The expences of the Middlesex election are estimated at about 10,000l.—The ribbons only for the hats of the candidates friends cost near 900l.

A few days ago, a Jew, of the first eminence, renounced the errors of his religion, and was baptized at a certain Chapel, by a reverend Doctor remarkably zealous for obtaining proselytes from every sect.

An old Maiden Lady at Dover, having taken it into her head that she should die in a few days, gave directions to the Sexton of the parish to which she belonged, to dig her out a handsome deep grave—but meeting with a young Cornet before the much apprehended time arrived, she was prevailed on to accompany him to church, on a very different occasion. The honest fellow was hard at work for her as she passed by; when she generously clapped half a guinea into his hand, and bid him fill it up again with the utmost expedition.

London, Dec. 18. His Majesty, ever ready to encourage useful improvements, and always intent upon promoting every branch of polite knowledge, hath been graciously pleased to institute in this metropolis, a royal Academy of Arts, to be under his Majesty's own immediate patronage, and under the direction of forty artists of the first rank in their several professions.

December 19. It is remarked, that nine Knights of the Bath, who enjoyed seats in the late parliament, have not been chosen in the present, viz. The Earl of Broadalbane; Sir William Stanhope; Sir John Mordaunt; Sir William Beauchamp Proctor; Earl of Marlborough; Sir Edward Walpole, Lord Carysfort; Sir John Gibbons; and Sir Francis Blake Delaval.

The gentleman who is preparing an account of his discovery of the North-West passage, in order to lay the same before his Majesty, we are informed, passed from Hudson's-Streights to the South Sea, and back again.

By letters from Corsica, we learn, that the French have dispatched orders to the Inhabitants of Cape Corse to prepare winter quarters for their troops. Gen. Paoli has lately sent a spirited answer to the French commander, who employed two Priests to negociate with him in regard to some regulations relating to the accommodation of the French army in their winter quarters, the substance of which was, that as he had not called the French or any other nation, into the island, he did not think himself obliged to take any pains to procure them the smallest accommodation; and that they must first abandon the posts they had seized since their arrival in the island before he could listen to their demands.

Extract of a letter from Corsica, dated November 18.

"A few days ago most part of the French troops which were posted near San Fiorenzo and Calvi, embarked on board thirteen vessels, which were convoyed by several men of war of that nation. They soon after made a descent on that little island of Pietra; and having lined the shore with their troops, attempted to surprize the garison of that place: Every thing seemed to promise them success, as the garison consisted only of two hundred and fifty Corsicans; but after a brisk attack, the Islanders made so brave a resistance, that the French troops were obliged to give up the enterprize, and retire to their ships, with considerable loss."

December 20. On Friday evening John Glynn, Esq; lately returned a Knight of the Shire for Middlesex, was at the house of commons, and took the oaths, but was so ill with the gout that he could not take his seat. It is said, that having heard that some business relative to Mr. Wilkes was suddenly coming on, when his presence would be necessary, he insisted on being taken out of his bed and carried to the house.

Some letters from Hamburgh say, that a foreigner of distinction had just arrived there incog. whom some conjectured to be the King of Poland.

December 21. Yesterday there was a great Board of Treasury, and also a Board of Trade, at which several of the colony agents attended, said to be in reference to dispatches received from the different colonies.

On Monday Mr. Serjeant Glynn took his seat in the House of Commons, but, on account of his indisposition with the gout, staid there only a very short time, and was obliged to be led out to his coach by three persons.

The fresh affair, which has caused a good deal of conversation, in relation to a popular gentleman, and which was expected to have come under consideration yesterday, we hear is put off till the latter end of next month.

Letters from Germany and the North import, that the troubles are every day increasing in Poland; and that it was thought the King, for the security of his person, would soon retire into Konigsberg in Prussia, as the Confederates make it pretty apparent, from all their steps, that their real design is to place another Sovereign upon the Throne. Whoever may be the Prince they have in view, in the present situation of affairs, his election will certainly be the beginning of his sorrows.

There is a report that a certain court being required to give an explanation with regard to their proceeding with Corsica, the minister returned for answer, "You had better attend to your own business at home, and prevent your windows from being broken when you gratify the humour of the populace by illuminating them, than concern yourselves with the affairs of another Prince and his subjects, as their people now are, by a cession from their former Sovereign."

December 22. His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Jeremiah Dyson, Esq; to be one of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, in the room of Peyton Campbell, Esq; deceased.

His Majesty has appointed Lord Viscount Lisburn to be one of the Lords Commissioners of Trade and Plantations, in the room of Jeremiah Dyson, Esq.

A change in the ministry is again talked of with the greatest confidence at the West end of the town: Bets of five to three were laid last night at a certain Coffee-house near St. James's, that a total change will take place during the ensuing recess of the holidays.

It is said an alliance of a very singular nature is forming among certain Northern Powers on the continent, to which Great-Britain is earnestly invited to accede, as a counterpoise to the houses of Austria and Bourbon, who, we are informed, are cementing the union between each other in closer compact than ever could be expected or foreseen by the most consummate politicians; from which, great designs are

ssfully now on foot, which will probably appear in a proper light before Midsummer-day next, to the surprize of all Europe.

A certain patriotic Baronet, whose motto on his coach was 'till lately, "*Auriga virtutem Prudentia*," has within these few days changed it for the following glorious English one, "*Always for Liberty.*"

The continuation of the free importation of Rice is allowed, by every lover of his King and Country, to be a popular and prudent step, much to the honour of government and the ministry; as by these means a stop is put to monopolizers, and other gripers of the poor, as well as encouragement given to our Southern colonies in North-America.

December 23. Yesterday morning an express was sent off to Falmouth, to be immediately dispatched to his Excellency General Gage, commander in chief of his Majesty's forces in North-America.

Yesterday the House of Peers adjourned to Monday, January 16, and the House of Commons to *Thursday* the 18th of the said month.

Edward Thurlow, Esq; Counsellor at Law, it is said, will be appointed Counsel to the Board of Trade, in the room of Sir Matthew Lamb, deceased: And that

The right hon. Welbore Ellis, is to be appointed one of the Joint Vice-Treasurers of Ireland, in the room of Col. Barre, resigned.

Sunday last Earl Temple paid a visit to the Earl of Chatham, at Hayes, who is greatly recovered from his late indisposition.

We hear by a letter from Leghorn, that the Earl of Pembroke embarked there for Corsica the 29th ult.

Letters from Vienna, of the 7th instant, say, that his Prussian Majesty has assured the minister of the Empress, that he will not take any part in the present disputes upon the continent, though he thinks it necessary to cover his frontiers with a large body of troops.

December 24. Pacific dispositions, it is now talked, will take place after the holidays, as the contending parties begin to be heartily tired of each other's proceedings, when, it is thought, certain affairs will be buried in oblivion, and a popular gentleman relieved from his present embarrassments.

The friends of the administration laugh at the reports, so strongly circulated, of an approaching change in the ministry.

There are now living at East Chevely in Devonshire, a family, consisting of four brothers and three sisters, (of the name of Perkin) all arrived at age, of whom it is very remarkable, that the tallest is but four feet two inches, and the shortest but three feet nine inches high: They are generally known by the name of *The Giants.*

December 26. The Hon. Commodore Byron is appointed Governor of Newfoundland.

The Empress of Russia's declaration of war against the Turks has already appeared in Poland, were 50,000 troops are speedily expected from Finland, Ingermania, and Livonia, besides 20,000 Calmucks.

Mr. Wilkes's celebrated letter to the freeholders of Middlesex, relative to his having caused to be published the Secretary of State's letter to Justice Ponton, &c. together with the said state paper, printed verbatim in the LXXXIst number of the North-Briton, published last Saturday, and sold by W. Bingley, opposite Durham-yard in the Strand.

The 22nd instant died, Dr. Charles Lyttelton, Bishop of Carlisle, brother of Lord Lyttelton, president of the Antiquarian Society, and Fellow of the Royal Society.

It is said that the author of a new tragedy, lately performed, has made a present of all the profits, which accrued from the third night to several public charities.

We hear Mr. Wilkes is in higher spirits than ever, on account of the pleasing prospect which the situation of his affairs at present wear.

London, December 27. It is said that orders have been sent to Ireland for several regiments of foot on that establishment, to be immediately embarked to replace the interior garisons in North-America, in the room of the troops sent to New-England.

A letter from Lisbon, dated November 22, says, "An express from the court of London is just arrived here, charged, it is said, with very important dispatches, on the subject of which several councils have been held."

December 28. Yesterday a messenger arrived in town with dispatches from Lord Cathcart, his Majesty's Ambassador at the court of Petersburgh.

They write from Paris, that a body of fifty thousand French troops have been ordered to be formed early in the spring, but the object of this force is said to be different from that of Corsica.

We are informed, that a house in Great George-street is now fitting up for a certain popular gentleman; and it is confidently asserted that he will reside in it next month.

It is said a certain gentleman, formerly of great rank in the army, will shortly be preferred to one of the first posts in the military department.

It is said, that a certain Governor in America, who is very unpopular there, will be recalled.

THE following is a more particular account of the affair between the Corsicans and French than any yet published.

Bologna, November 28. "When we shook off the yoke of the Genoese, the place called Isola Rossa had but one tower on the side opposite to the sea, wherein from time to time, according to different circumstances our provisions and ammunition were closed up. After the fortifying of that place was attempted, bulwarks of earth were soon constructed, which put it in some state of defence. On the side of the six redoubts were erected, in which the rules of military architecture were observed; behind these redoubts that defended the entrance of the place, which, indeed, deserves only the name of a village, are two other principal redoubts, both on an elevated ground, at about a musket shot distance from the others, and which form the figure of two islands; between these islands is a strait ditch with a draw-bridge, by which means the redoubts communicate one with another; the first advances a little towards the land and stretches on both sides along the sea, but the other projects farther into it. It was on this redoubt that the French made their last but unlucky attack. On the 17th of this month they arrived with a squadron of thirteen ships, men of war and transports, before the village, and approached the two small islands in three divisions; the first was to disturb the whole attack above the tower, whilst the second was to take possession of the small bridge of communication; the third had orders to come forwards, and to take a post between the two islands and the village. Although the French met with great difficulties in the execution of their enterprize, nevertheless they seemed to be strongly determined to penetrate farther; they got as far as the village, and the redoubt adjacent to the sea; they there made a brisk attack; but our men, animated with an intrepid courage, gave them such a smart and continual fire, that after a bloody engagement, which lasted two hours, our troops, assisted by the inhabitants of the village, forced the enemy to retire, and return on board their vessels. They had, in their retreat, many soldiers killed and drowned. Their loss is computed to be 900 men, either killed or wounded. Among the troops which had embarked on that expedition, the Royal Italian regiment has suffered most. The number of grenadiers of the old Marine is considerably diminished; and the regiment of Tournefort is almost entirely destroyed. It is said, that, in order to make a diversion, the fusiliers of these two regiments were, conjointly with the garrison of Calvi, to undertake an expedition against Lumnio, but as no particulars are come from thence, it is much doubted whether such an expedition has taken place. It is more certain that two new battalions of French troops are arrived at Calvi, Gen. Paoli has so well provided for Isola Rossa, that no surprize is henceforth to be feared. Many brave officers, who, at their own expence, recruit men for the defence of the common cause, come every day to offer their services to the General, who is in no want of money. A great many English Lords, who take great interest in our welfare, are continually giving us fresh proofs of their munificence: Every now and then some of them repair to our Chief, and Lord Pembroke, who is much attached to him, is now in this island."

Genoa, November 30. They write from Corsica, that two battalions of French troops were arrived at Calvi, from Provence; and that the Marquis de Chauvelin's health had not permitted him to set out on his return to Paris.

Brest, December 2. A courier has just arrived here, with orders from the court to fit out 10 ships of war, with the utmost expedition. Orders have also been sent to Rochfort, for five ships of the line to be got ready for service. We are at present unacquainted with their destination, but it is conjectured they are intended for Corsica.

Extract of a Letter from Corsica, December 9.

"After the repulse the French met with at the island of Pietra, they proceeded with thirteen ships to the island of Rouge, situated at a little distance from the other, which the Corsicans have endeavoured to render impregnable for the protection of their magazines. The ships advanced in three divisions towards two eminencies, which are well fortified, and commanded the town, situated at the end of a canal between them. One of the divisions secured the bridge of communication, while the second landed the troops, and the other was placed near the tower. At first the French drove the Corsicans from their posts, and penetrated even to the tower; but their impetuosity did not discourage the Corsicans, who returned to the charge, made 500 prisoners, killed near 700, and obliged the rest to retire to their ships."

London, Dec. 29. We are assured a very great personage has lately expressed the most earnest desire to have the disputes between Great-Britain and the colonies immediately settled upon the most amicable and lasting foundation.

This morning died at his house in Fulham, Sir Francis Gosling, Knt. an eminent Banker in Fleet-street, and Alderman of the Ward of Farringdon Without.

December 30. It is said that a great personage's orders to one of his first servants, relative to American affairs, were, "Let the dignity of government be exerted with firmness, but moderation; and for past offences, let justice, if possible, give full place to mercy."

December 31. We hear that the subscription lately opened here in favour of General Paoli and the Corsicans, meets with much encouragement.

It is again rumoured that some changes in administration will certainly take place very soon; and that the parties who are to come in are friends to the Colonies.

On Thursday soon after the news of Sir Francis Gosling's death was publickly known, John Wilkes, Esq; distributed hand bills offering himself a candidate to succeed him as Alderman of Farringdon Ward without.

Thursday night several gentlemen at a celebrated coffee-house at the west end of the town, engaged to give one hundred pounds on receiving twenty, provided a certain popular gentleman is chosen an Alderman.

Last night the betts, were five to three in favour of Mr. Wilkes.

We hear that a discovery has lately been made of a deficiency of a most enormous sum.

Some letters from the Hague mention, that subscriptions are now carrying on there, as some of the principal towns of Holland, to raise money for the service of the brave Corsicans.

St. James's, December 31. The king has been pleased to appoint his Grace Augustus Henry Fitzroy Duke of Grafton, the Right Hon. Lord North, George Onslow, Charles Jenkinson, and Jeremiah Dyson, Esqrs. to be commissioners for executing the office of treasurer of his Majesty's Exchequer.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. Wills Earl of Hillsborough (now one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State) Soame Jenyns, Edward Elliot, George Rice, John Roberts, William Fitzherbert, and Thomas Robinson, Esqrs. and the Right Hon. Wilmot Viscount Lifburne, of the kingdom of Ireland, to be Commissioners for Trade and Plantations.

London, January 2. Sunday the Earl of Harcourt took leave of their Majesties; and this day he set out on his embassy to the court of France.

January 3. Yesterday at noon the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor held a wardmote at St. Bride's church, Fleet-street, in order to chuse an alderman for the ward of Farringdon without, in the room of the late Sir Francis Gosling, Knt. when Mr. Thomas Bromwich, paper-hanger, of Ludgate-Hill, and John Wilkes, Esq; were declared Candidates: On a shew of hands, a majority of at least one hundred to one appeared in favour of John Wilkes, Esq; but a poll being demanded for Mr. Bromwich, the same came on at one o'clock, and after a poll of about two hours, Mr. Bromwich politely declined. On casting up the poll-books the numbers stood as follow:

	Bromwich.	Wilkes.
Parish of St. Dunstan, for	21	43
St. Sepulchre	15	85
St. Bride	36	72
St. Andrew, Holb	5	42
St. Martin, Ludg.	2	6
The District of White-friars	0	7
	69	255

Whereupon Mr. Wilkes was declared duly elected, amidst the shouts of a prodigious multitude of people, great part of whom accompanied the Lord Mayor to the Mansion-house, with repeated acclamations of applause for his Lordship's candid and impartial conduct.

January 4. Letters from Paris say, they have accounts from Bastia, that notwithstanding the rigour of the season, General Paoli daily attacked their quarters, and that a great weakness prevailed amongst the French troops.

It is reported, supposed to be on good ground, that the Russian court has demanded of us assistance; and in particular has requested, that our aid might consist in the furnishing out fourteen ships of the line, in order to their being employed in their service against the Ottoman Porte. This claim, which is founded on a treaty of alliance made since the conclusion of the war, is under consideration; so that whether the aid required will be granted, remains a matter of doubt.

If the above article be true, and a refusal of the request be the result of the deliberation on it; may it not thence, with propriety, be concluded, that a rupture between the two courts must be unavoidable.

January 5. It is said that a plan is drawing up by an eminent gentleman in the law, to be offered for the consideration of parliament, for the more effectually preventing the pernicious practice of Gaming, particularly among the great folks, which is arrived at a greater height in this kingdom than at any period since the reign of Charles the Second.

We are told that the *ultimate* power of granting or refusing a Habeas Corpus is vested in the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor.

By a gentleman lately arrived in town from Douay in France, we are informed that a greater number of English, Scotch, and Irish recruits, have arrived in that kingdom within these few months, than has been known for some years.

January 6. By various accounts from different parts of the West of England, we are informed, that notwithstanding the price of provisions is now reasonable, many thousands of the poor manufacturers in the clothing business are starving for want of work, owing to the great stagnation which prevails in that staple branch of our clothing trade.

We are informed that Mr. Alderman Wilkes intends to move on the first day of Hilary term, his Majesty's Court of King's-Bench, for a Habeas Corpus, in order to be sworn into his newly elected office; which is the reason of that gentleman's appointing in his answer to the Lord-Mayor the 24th instant, for his personal appearance at Guildhall. The Habeas Corpus does not issue *ex officio*, but must be obtained on the discretion of the court, on suggestions of sufficient public or private importance, to shew that the suitor is in justice intitled to the writ.

The first public business the City Patriot will enter upon is, we hear, the settling the city's just and undoubted rights to the government of the several hospitals; an act, which will fix him for ever in the love and esteem of all his fellow citizens, and which only wants a person of his perseverance to accomplish.

January 7. There is a report, that the Jews have made a very immense offer to the court of Spain, to renounce some pretensions of a right which that court has long kept up, to the ancient city of Jerusalem; to assist them in the recovery thereof from the Mahometans; and to put them in full and quiet possession of the same.

January 9. A letter from Vienna, dated Dec. 20, says, "According to accounts from Silesia, a body of 30,000 men have received orders to be in readiness to march, without knowing whither or to what purpose. Our court hath given orders to erect three magazines, viz. two in Bohemia, and one in Moravia, which are setting about with all expedition."

January 10. The Trial sloop of war is sailed from Plymouth, with Governor Elliott on board, for Florida.

We hear that the title of Duke of York will soon be conferred on Prince William-Henry, his Majesty's third son.

It is said that the marine divisions at Portsmouth, Plymouth, and Chatham, will soon be augmented to their full compliment; and that several guard-ships will speedily be put in commission.

January 12. It is strongly reported that three sail of ships of the line of battle, and two frigates, are speedily to be put in commission at Portsmouth.

We hear that a gentleman of great consequence in North-America has wrote to his correspondent here, requesting him to wait on Mr. Wilkes, and obtain his leave for an eminent artist to take his portrait, which is intended to be sent to Boston, in order to be hung up in the Public Hall.

A certain great man, we are told, mentioned at a particular meeting lately, that he had his upon a scheme for subduing the spirit of the people; to which a much greater man replied, that he had better have devised a plan for subduing corruption and venality among the great, and endeavour to conciliate the affections of the people.

New Advertisements.

A Very good new CHAIR-HOUSE and STABLE, and a new STABLE with Stalls for two Horses, TO BE LETT, by WILLIAM BURROWS.

TO BE LETT ON FREIGHT,

For any Port in *England, Cowes* and the *Markets, Spain* or *Portugal*,

THE SHIP CONSTANT FRIEND, THOMAS ALCOCK, Master.

(Carries about 650 Barrels of Rice)

FOR Freight or Passage, having good Accommodations, apply to said Master, or MANSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

FOR the CANAL at the upper end of Broad street, the following MATERIALS, to be delivered on the spot, viz.

3,500 Palmetto Posts, twelve feet long.
200 ditto, ten feet long.
9,600 feet of good Pine Timber, clear of sap, 12 inches by 12,
8000 feet of two-inch Pine Plank, clear of sap.
10,000 feet of Pine Logs, any length above 30 feet, 10 or 12 inches diameter.
200 Pine Poles, twenty-one feet long.
1000 ditto, from ten to twelve feet long.

Any person willing to supply the above MATERIALS, may apply to WILLIAM KELSEY, — HERCULES HALL.

PETER LEGER, & Co.

Have just imported, in the UNION, WILLIAM COOMBES, *Master, from* LONDON:

SUndry DRY GOODS, amongst which are, a parcel of REAL INDIA, painted and plain, TAFFATY, &c. Which, with the rest of their articles, will be sold on the most easy terms.——OSNABRUGS of the best quality, at 3s6 per yard, by the piece, *for Cash.*

TO BE LETT, *(and may be entered on the 25th of this Month)*

A Convenient TENEMENT in Queen-Street, at present occupied by Mr. BENJAMIN WEBB Inquire of *March 1st*, 1769. PETER BACOT.

A Good Rent will be given for a PEW in *St. Philip's* Church. Inquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD, on Thursday the 30th of March inst. at the plantation where Captain JAMES GLAZE *lately lived, at the Round O:*

A PARCEL of very valuable SLAVES, most of them this country born; amongst whom are a good cooper, very good washers and ironers, a very valuable working-man; also a parcel of very valuable household goods and furniture, a very good chair horse, together with many other horses of value, cattle, goats, plantation tools, &c. belonging to the estate of the said Captain James Glaze, deceased.

The conditions will be made known on the day of sale.

All persons to whom the said estate is indebted, are desired to send in accompts of their demands, properly attested, on or before the day of sale; and those indebted thereto, to make immediate payment to STEPHEN FORD, JOHN LIDDELL, } *Executors.*

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

AS a WET NURSE; a White Woman of a good Character. None need apply that cannot bring a good Recommendation. Inquire of the Printer.

LOST, a green Silk PURSE, with 4 or 5 Guineas, 1 half Guinea, 1 Chequin, and some small Silver therein, also a pair of Gold Sleeve Buttons, with I L engraved in a Cypher. Whoever will deliver the same to me, on board the Ship *Liberty*, at *Motte's* Wharf, shall have TEN POUNDS reward, from JOHN LASLEY.

FOUND in Broad street,

A GARNET HOOP-RING. The Owner may have it, on proper Application to SAMUEL PRIOLEAU.

A MAN of an unexceptionable moral Character, well acquainted with the HEBREW, GREEK and LATIN Languages, capable and willing to teach them grammatically, in the Order here mentioned, beginning with the *Hebrew* without *Points*, and ending with the *Latin*, may meet with Encouragement, applying to the Printer hereof.

MICHAEL ROGERS informs me of a strayed mouse-coloured GELDING, between nine and ten years old, and about 13 hands hands high, branded on the near buttock E; he has a few grey hairs on his forehead, and appears to be a cart horse by marks of gear on his breast. The owner must prove his or her property, before ANDREW LEITCH, J. P.

St. Paul's Parish, February 11, 1769.

TO BE LETT, and entered on immediately.

TWO new Brick HOUSES, in Union-street, one the corner of Unity-Alley; both large, commodious, and fit for Shop-Keepers. Apply to MOSES MITCHELL.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN,

WANTS TO HIRE, FOR SIX MONTHS.

TWELVE strong able-bodied COUNTRY NEGROES, who can handle the Spade very dextrously, and can be recommended as quiet and orderly Fellows; for whom he will allow very good Wages.

N. B. He will find them in Tools and Provisions.

To be Sold, Cheap.

ALL sorts of ready made ox-cart, horse-cart, and chair WHEELS. Enquire of JOHN LAMBOY, opposite Mrs. Logan, and William Moultrie, Esq; on Trott's Point.

The following extraordinary Piece is taken from a late London Paper.

IN vindication of the ſtrong meaſures ſaid to be taking by adminiſtration for bringing back the colonies to their obedience to parliament, it is proper to acquaint the public with a few facts extracted from authentic papers.

It appears by a letter from Governor Bernard, that there are five hundred men enrolled in Boſton for the purpoſe of ſeizing upon Caſtle-William.

The chief towns in the provinces of Connecticut and New Hampſhire have concurred with the town of Boſton in all their reſolutions, and agreed to ſupport them at the hazard of their lives.

The merchants (not the mob) in New-York obliged the captains of the tranſports, Gen. Gage had hired to bring troops from the ſouthward, to break their charter parties, and the General could get none other to go upon the errand.

The people of Pennſylvania defer joining with the people of Boſton in their reſolution to ſtop the trade, only until they ſee whether parliament will repeal duties.

The principal people in Virginia waited on Lord Botetourt, immediately after his arrival, to inform him, that it was the determined and unanimous reſolution of the inhabitants to oppoſe, by every legal method, the collection of the late duties, and to refuſe obedience to acts of parliament for levying money in the colonies.

Need it be added, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia charges the houſes of Auſtria and Bourbon with inſtigating the Turks to fall upon her, and that memorials are daily expected from Peterſburgh and Berlin, reminding us of our Guarantee of Sileſia, and deſiring to know what part we will take, ſhould Auſtria and Bourbon attack it?

Diſpatch is neceſſary; but he that runs may read.—Beware the Ides of March. CASSIUS.

From the Gentleman's Magazine, for Dec. 1768.

BY the lateſt accounts from the Eaſt-Indies, the company's troops under Col. Smith have made very conſiderable new acquiſitions, and by the capture of Kiſnagurry, have brought a large tract of country under ſubjection. By this ſucceſs, added to the advantages of trade, and the revenues ariſing from former acquiſitions, an annual fund is now accumulating, which, when properly divided, it is ſaid, will amount to 50 per cent. to the proprietors of ſtock excluſive of the ſums paid to the government, and the augmentation of the military eſtabliſhment, which a continual ſtate of war in that country has rendered abſolutely neceſſary.

At Bombay, a powder magazine has been blown up by the premeditated malice of one Mart, a quarter-maſter of the artillary, who being puniſhed for miſbehaviour, reſolved upon this deſperate and diabolical method of deſtroying himſelf, and being revenged of his officers. There were about 36 barrels of powder in the magazine, which being ſet fire to, in an inſtant levelled all the adjoining houſes, killed about 30 of the inhabitants, and wounded 60 more.

The ſeditious peaſants on the frontiers of Poland continue their cruelties, and wherever they can prevail over the Diſſidents, they put men, women, and children to the ſword. The Ruſſians and Turks, who both take part in the troubles of that unhappy country, are carrying on their military preparations with the utmoſt vigour; and it is feared that the flames of war that have been confined awhile within certain bounds, will ſoon become general in Europe, and rage with more violence than ever.

In the mean time, the brave Corſicans have given freſh proofs of their zeal for liberty, and have defeated the beſt concerted enterprizes of the French to bring them under ſubjection. Mr. Boſwell, a Scots gentleman, has endeavoured by a well-timed manifeſto, to excite a ſpirit of generoſity among the opulent of this country, in their favour; and it is hoped the contributions on this occaſion, will not be leſs liberal than thoſe which in circumſtances not unſimilar, were beſtowed upon an ungrateful Queen.

In the ſtate of ſeeming tranquility which this nation amidſt theſe diſturbances at preſent enjoys, the affairs of Africa beſpeak attention. It cannot eſcape the notice of adminiſtration, that wherever the French obtain an eſtabliſhment near any of our foreign ſettlements, the active ſpirit of that people is ever buſy in fomenting jealouſies, which they artfully convert to their own advantage. On the borders of the Gambia this practice has ſucceeded to their wiſh. While the natives and Engliſh are cutting one another's throats, the French are carrying on the ſlave trade without moleſtation; and tho' confined by treaties to one inconſiderable ſpot, they reap all the emoluments of the moſt extenſive privileges.

The foreign prints are full of projects in conſequence of a more enlarged plan for improving the Family Compact. And of the meaſures concerting by the proteſtant powers, for guarding againſt the intended miſchief. The rupture between the Turks and Ruſſians, is ſaid to be the firſt effect of the united policy of the Catholic powers; and it is now foreſeen, that the troubles of Poland are only the prelude to troubles of a more intereſting nature, nearer home.

But what Great-Britain has moſt to dread is the defection of her North-American colonies. One argument the advocates for a parliamentary taxation of thoſe diſtant provinces have yet to anſwer; and that is, that no free people were ever ſubject to the exactions of a double legiſlature, aſſuming diſtinct powers of levying money generally upon the whole community. When the king, by his own authority, attempted to levy money on the people of England, at the ſame time that they were ſubject to be taxed by parliament, they took the alarm, and reſiſted the regal authority, the higheſt then known to the conſtitution of this country. The attempt proved fatal to the uſurpers. A ſtruggle for power enſued, and, in the end, the people prevailed. The *ſupreme authority* is, for political reaſons, wiſely placed in the ſovereign; but the *power* is, and always muſt be, *inherently* in the people. Whenever, therefore, the conteſt for power becomes general, the delegated forces, in ſupport of government, muſt prove feeble oppoſed to the collected ſtrength of the whole community. The conteſt will, therefore, never be riſqued by a wiſe adminiſtration. American laws owe their ſanction to the king. All appeals from thence are to the king and council.—Submiſſion to any other power muſt therefore be involuntary.

In order to terminate this intereſting queſtion, it is reported, that our American governors are ordered home, that the miniſtry may have certain intelligence of the real diſpoſitions of the Coloniſts; and that General Gage, on whoſe ſentiments great ſtreſs is laid, will alſo be ordered home.

From theſe reports, joined to the late reconciliation of the brotherhood, the friends of America have formed favourable hopes of a reconciliation with the mother-country; it being certainly known that the ſentiments of the brothers on American affairs, were the principal cauſe of their diſagreement.

CHARLES-TOWN, MARCH 2.

MANY of the Inhabitants of the North and Eaſtern Parts of this Province have this Winter cloathed themſelves in their own Manufactures; many more would purchaſe them, if they could be got; and a great Reform is intended in the enormous Expence attending Funerals, for Mourning, &c. from the patriotic Example lately ſet by *Chriſtopher Gadſden* Eſq; when he buried one of the beſt of Wives and moſt excellent of Women. In ſhort, the Generality of People now ſeem deeply impreſſed with an Idea of the Neceſſity, and moſt heartily diſpoſed, to uſe every Means, to promote INDUSTRY, OECONOMY, and AMERICAN MANUFACTURES, and to keep as much Money amongſt us as poſſible.

The GENERAL GAZETTE *of laſt Monday's Date, expreſſes it, That* "In the St. James's Chronicle of December 10th, 1768, appeared a Copy of a Letter addreſſed to Daniel Ponton, Eſq; Chairman of the Quarter Seſſions at Lambeth, dated Whitehall, 17th April, 1768, to which was prefixed, a ſhort Introduction, of which Mr. Wilkes was found to be the Author, and the ſame was voted by the Houſe of Lords, "*an infolent, ſcandalous and ſeditious Libel, tending to inflame and* "*ſtir up the Minds of his Majeſty's Subjects to Sedition, and to a total ſub-* "*verſion of all good Order and legal Government.*" After coming to the ſaid Reſolution, their Lordſhips ſent a Meſſage to the Commons, deſiring a Conference touching the ſame as "*a Matter highly concerning* "*the Peace and good Order, as well as the Dignity of his Majeſty's Go-* "*vernment.*" The Houſe of Commons agreed readily to the propoſed Conference, and ordered the Printers and Publiſhers to attend them. and would, it was NOT doubted, concur entirely with the Lords "*But private Letters adviſe, that after a Debate of Six Hours in the Houſe of Commons, the further Conſideration of that Matter was adjourned to the 27th of January, when, it was thought, that Houſe would* NOT *concur with the Lords, in voting it a Libel.*—The Letter in Queſtion was from a Secretary of State, directing, *in a very particular Manner*, the applying for military Aid to the civil Authority. In the North Briton No. 12, dated Dec. 24, the ſame Letter appears republiſhed, with one from Mr. Wilkes, avowing the Publication of both, and alſo of a Copy of a Letter from the Secretary at War.

Sunday laſt returned here from *England*, in the Ship *Liberty*, Capt. *Lloyd*, *George Milligen*, Eſq; lately appointed Surgeon to all his Majeſty's Troops in this Province, Mrs. *Milligen*, D. G. *Iſaac Chaſtier*, and Mrs. *Mary Harvey* (the Wife of Mr. *William Harvey*) with the Rev. Mr. *Richard Farmer*, for St. John's Parish in *Berkley County*, and other Paſſengers. And in the Union, Capt. *Cumbo*, arrived Major *Alexander Mackenzie*, and Lieut. *Benajah Brown*, of his Majeſty's 35th Regiment, Mr. *Cuthbert*, Mr. *Harris*, and others.

The Superfluities imported here from *Britain*, and other Articles which we may make among ourſelves, are ſuppoſed to have drawn upwards of £. 100,000 Sterling from among us, *for ſeveral* Years preceding the paſſing of the Stamp-Act.

A Calculation having been made of the Amount of the Purchaſe Money of Slaves expected here the preſent Year, it is computed at £ 270,000 Sterling, which Sum will by that Means be drained from this Province.

Laſt Week Caroline Knit Stockings were ſold at *Forty-five Shillings* a Pair, in Preference to thoſe of a better Quality imported.

A Subſcription is actually ſetting on Foot for eſtabliſhing and ſupporting a MANUFACTORY-HOUSE in this Town. And it is ſaid to be in Contemplation, alſo to eſtabliſh a PAPER MANUFACTORY in this Country.

We hear that Application will be made to the next Aſſembly, to appropriate a Piece of Ground for a Botanic Garden in this Town; and alſo for continuing the Bounty on Hemp and Flax made in this Province, which Manufactures may otherwiſe fail being properly attended to, altho' the Conſumption of Cordage here alone, keeps near £. 10,000 Sterling a Year in the Province.

The General Election of Repreſentatives in the next Aſſembly, will be on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY next, the 7th and 8th Inſtant.

The laſt Advices from *Mobille* are, that the *Spaniſh* Frigate laſt by Don *Juan d'Ulloa* at *New Orleans*, was gone from thence. That the Veſſel, in which the Gentlemen who were charged with Remonſtrances to the *French* King, after having been at Sea for ſome Time, ſprung a Leak and put back, and did not proceed on her Voyage before the 12th of January: And, that the *French* Inhabitants were determined never to ſuffer a *Spaniard* to ſet Foot in that Country again, but ſuch as may put in by Streſs of Weather.

Laſt Thurſday Mr. *Arnout Schermerhorn*, was married to Miſs *Polly Mackay*, Daughter to the late Captain *John Mackay*.

The Brigt *Norton* (*Chriſtopher Brookes* Maſter, arrived here (as our laſt) was forcibly taken from the Maſter, on her Voyage from *Dominica* for this Port, but recovered by him off *St. Croix*, where the Mutineers eſcaped in the Boat, ſo he was obliged to run down to *Jamaica* to procure another Boat and ſufficient Hands to navigate the Veſſel hither.

Friday laſt the Ship *Polly & Betſey*, *Robert Brewton* Maſter, from *London*, was ſpoke with by Mr. *Dowell*, one of our Pilots, all well on board, and paſſed by this Bar, for *Georgia*, where ſhe arrived on Sunday.—The *Billander Cora*, Captain *Beale*, from *Poole*; and the *Indian Trader*, Captain *McMinn*, from *Mobille*, arrived at *Savannah* the ſame day.

Laſt Sunday Night Mr. *William Lee*, Watch-maker, was married to Miſs *Anne Theus*, Daughter of Mr. *Jeremiah Theus*, Limner.

Yeſterday arrived here, in the *Expedition*, Capt. *Doran*, from *St. Auguſtine*, more of his Majeſty's Troops, belonging to the 21ſt Regiment.—Brigadier-General *Haldimand* is daily expected there from *Penſacola*.

Yeſterday alſo arrived here His Majeſty's Packet-Boat *Sandwich*, commanded by Capt. *Samuel Ayres*, in nine Weeks from *Falmouth*.

The Ship *Hunter*, of *Whitby*, *William Hunter* Maſter, from the Bay of *Honduras*, bound for *London*, is juſt now put in here, very leaky.—About a Fortnight ago, in Lat. 23, Long. 85. 30, Capt. *Hunter* parted with the Ship *Carolina Merchant*, of and for *London*, Capt. *Wilſon*, from the ſame Bay, alſo very leaky.

[*Price Current the ſame as in our laſt.*]

We have juſt received Information, of a *Miſtake* in the Paragraph referred to, by the diſtinguiſhing Aſteriſk, in this Paper of the 9th paſt, giving an Account of the Charles-Town Races; by which it clearly appears, that Mr *William Hopton* was not diſplaced *to make Room* for the Appointment of Mr. *Bull*, to the Office of Regiſter of Meſne Conveyances.

Timothy's Gazine Liſt.

Feb.	Arrivals at Charles-Town	*From*
23*d*	Brigantine Hawke, George Beſt	Coſta
	Brigantine Norton, Chriſtopher Brookes,	Jamaica
	Sloop Roby, John Earle,	St. Croix
24*th*.	Ship Lady Stawell, Anthony Fortune,	Belfaſt
	Brigantine Roby, Thomas Bragg,	Barbadoes
25*th*.	Brigantine Philadelphia Packet, James Taylor,	Briſtol
	Sloop Induſtry, Spencer Ripley,	Hiſpaniola
26*th*.	Ship America, William Coombes,	London
	Ship Flora, Francis Kelly,	St. Chriſtopher's
	Ship Pitt, John Laſky,	London
	Ship Conſtant Friend, Thomas Alcock,	Dublin
	Brigantine Induſtry, David Kenny,	Cowes
	Brigantine Pompey, Jeſſe Smith,	Hull
	Sloop Dolphin, John Wheaton,	St. Euſtatius
27*th*.	Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
28*th*.	Ship Achilles, John Walker,	Briſtol
March 1.	Ship Dolphin, Henry Simblett,	London
	His Majeſty's Packet Boat *Sandwich*, Capt. *Sam. Ayres*,	Falmouth
	Scooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine
2*d*.	Ship Hunter, William Hunter,	Bay of Honduras
Feb.	Sailed,	*For*
23*d*.	Scooner Cape-Fear Packet, Robert Scott,	Cape-Fear
	Sloop Honeſt Endeavour, Abraham Gutting,	North-Carolina
	Sloop Sally, Jeſſe Hunt,	New-York
24*th*.	Scooner Polly, Amos Manſfield,	Georgia
25*th*.	Scooner Margaret, Benjamin Burton,	St. John's, E. Florida
March 2.	Ship Charlotte, Patrick Campbell,	Cowes
	Ship Mary, Alexander Pearſon,	Liſbon
	Snow Two Brothers, James Sanderſon,	Viana
	Brigt. Mary, Peter Swords,	Jamaica
	Brigt. Elizabeth, James Hunt,	Poole
	Brigt. Jenny, Robert Ewing,	Antigua
	Scooner Little-Nancy, Samuel Higgs,	New-Providence
	Sloop Little Betſey, Viner Lazycraft, jun.	Grenada
	Sloop Betſey, Robert Savage,	New-Providence
	Sloop Nancy, David Burch,	St. Croix
	Remain windbound or clearing,	*For*
	Ship Roſe-Iſland, Richard Brewer,	Cowes
	Ship Orangefield, James Morriſe,	Barcelona
	Ship Hope, John Robertſon,	New-Providence
	Ship Live Oak, Andrew Lundberry,	Briſtol
	Ship Reynolds, Jaſper Hawkins,	Cowes
	Scooner Seaflower, Edward Bacon,	Briſtol
	Scooner Broughton-Iſland Packet, Peter Bishop,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Frugality, John Burrows,	Georgia
	Sloop Sally, Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York
	Sloop Elizabeth & Mary, John Mathelin,	St. Croix
	Way ſail between this and out next,	*For*
	Ship St. Helena, George Arthur,	Briſtol
	Ship Nancy, Cornelius Donovan,	Liſbon
	Ship Three Brothers, John Whitefield,	Cowes
	Ship James, John Trenham,	Cape Fear
	Snow Verney, Francis Forde,	Viana
	Snow Chorley, Henry Marſhal,	Barbadoes
	Brigt. Jolliff, William Bound,	Poole
	Brigt. Harriott, Charles Dawſon,	Jamaica
	Scooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine
	Scooner William, David Brace,	Cadiz
	Scooner William, Richard Cox,	Salem
	Sloop Dove, George Luther,	St. Chriſtophers
	Sloop Penſacola Packet, William Rogers,	Penſacola
	Sloop Three Sallys, Peter Simons,	Rhode Iſland
	Entered out, and loading.	*For*
	Ship Mary, John Spurrier,	Goſport
	Ship Little-Carpenter, Richard Maitland,	London
	Ship Charming Sally, Peter Rainaud,	Barcelona
	Ship Berwick, George Moore,	Cowes
	Snow Portland, George Higgins,	London
	Snow Reſolution, Charles Chevallier,	Liſbon
	Brigantine Good-Intent, George Gould,	Cadiz
	Brigt. Clive, James Reid,	Dominica
	Scooner Farmer, William Williams,	St. Euſtatius
	Sloop Charles-Town, John Lazycraft,	St. Chriſtophers
	Sloop Sally, Nathaniel Coddington,	Rhode Iſland
	Sloop Sea-flower, William Tatem,	St. Chriſtophers
	Sloop Nancy, James Rogers,	Antigua
	Sloop Elizabeth, James Gilcriſt,	St. Chriſtophers
	Other Veſſels in Port.	
	Ship Britiſh King, George Hawkins Goldſmith,	Cowes
	Ship Peace & Anne, Joſeph Brown,	
	Snow Freeholder, Iſaac Mervil,	
	Hermaphrodite Briſky, John Lafber,	
	Brigt. Philadelphia Packet,	
	Brigt. Barclay, John Wells,	
	Brigantine Jane, John Smith,	
	Sloop Two Brothers, William Connor,	
	Arrivals from this Port.	*At*
Ship Wakeworth, Cornelius McCaſſland,		*Cowes*
Ship Cygnet, James Smith,		*Briſtol*
Ship America, John Rattier,		*London*
Brigantine Augaſtine Packet, Richard Savory,		*Teneriffe*
Brigantine Friendſhip, Thomas Dove,		*Ditto*
Sloop Hawke, Charles Henry,		*Jamaica*
Ship Marlborough, George Prefwick,		*Cape Fear*

Account of RICE exported from CHARLES-TOWN, ſince the 10th of *October*, 1768.

	Barrels.		Barrels.
To London,	8995	Falmouth,	429
Briſtol,	3767	Liverpool,	393½
Goſport,	3542½	Milford,	793
Cowes,	24,160	Poole,	1190
Dunbar,	627½		
	Total to Ports in Great Britain,		43,900 Barrels.
To Liſbon,	12,317	Figuera,	574½
Oporto,	4 483	Cadiz,	918
Vigo,	1 091½	Viana,	600
Barcelona,	707		
	Total to the Southward of Cape-Finiſter,		20,732 Barrels.
To Antigua,	1,230	Jamaica,	99½
Anguilla,	60½	New-Providence,	38
Barbadoes,	666	St. Chriſtophers,	2,779
Dominica,	621½	St. Vincent,	50
Grenada,	382		
	Total to Britiſh Weſt-India Iſlands,		5 823 Barrels.
To Martinique,	77	St. Euſtatius,	51½
St. Croix,	485	Hiſpaniola,	52
	Total to Foreign Weſt India Iſlands,		1,155½ Barrels.
To Boſton,	336	Nantucket	82
New-York,	718	Philadelphia,	631½
Eaſt-Florida,	113	Rhode-Iſland,	146
	Total to Ports on this Continent,		20,312½ Barrels.

Total of Rice exported to February 23d inclusive, 73,641 Barrels.

Advertiſements.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN,

IS framing a very long WHARF or KEY, at the North End of the Town, between 8 and 900 Feet in Length (from North to South) on the River, at the End whereof any Ship that comes over the Bar may lie, from one End to the other, fully loaded, and hawl off at any Time of Tide; and will be much obliged to Gentlemen *any Way concerned in Veſſels*, for their BALLAST, delivered at ſaid Wharf, where there is every neceſſary Convenience for diſcharging with the greateſt Diſpatch.

N. B. *Ten or a Dozen large Veſſels can be diſcharged together, very readily and conveniently.*

TO BE SOLD, *At public Vendue,*

At the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 21ſt of March next, together or ſeparate;

TWO LOTS OF LAND, in Anſonborough, near Mrs. Guignard's, each containing 84 feet in front, and 318 in depth, having a fine S utherly front. Credit will be given 'till the firſt of January, 1770, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, if required. ALSO,

A Plantation or Tract of LAND, in St. John's pariſh, Berkley-County, known by the name of the CHAWL, containing 950 acres, good for corn, rice, or indico, pleaſantly ſituated, about 25 miles from Charles-Town, adjoining lands of Sir John Colleton, and the eſtates of Alexander Broughton, Eſq; &c. One or two years credit will be given, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required.

And, on Thurſday the 23d of March, at the Plantation of the Subſcriber, at Goſe Creek;

THE ſaid PLANTATION, containing 927 acres, more or leſs; 100 acres of which is as good tupelow ſwamp as moſt in the province, the reſt good oak, hickory and pine land, whereon is an exceeding good two-ſtory brick houſe, with four rooms on a floor, genteelly fitted up, with every convenient out-building neceſſary on a plantation, moſt of which are lately built.

Likewiſe, all his Houſhold Furniture, conſiſting of every neceſſary and convenient article, great part of which are almoſt new, cattle, horſes, ſheep, hogs, &c.—The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale; if that day ſhould prove rainy, the ſale will be on the firſt fair day after. Any perſon inclinable to treat for any of the lands before the day of ſale, may apply to JOHN CHANNING.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

AT a Court of Common Pleas, begun and holden at Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 14th of February, 1769, *John Milner, George Blake, Henry Rowſell, Samuel Richbourgh* and *Elias Ball*, Jun. being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as Jurors, made default, and were noted for non-appearance: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That they will be fined in the ſum of *Five Pounds* Proclamation-money each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient excuſes upon oath, for their non-appearance, on or before the firſt Tueſday in April next.

Pleas Office, Feb. 17, 1769. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

THE Subſcriber intending to leave the province in the Spring, WILL SELL

THE HOUSE in which he now reſides, in Anſorſborough, being the ſame ſometime occupied by the late Chief-Juſtice Shinner: The lead belonging to it meaſures 180 feet in front on the Broad-road, and 200 feet in depth on George-ſtreet; the ſituation is known to be pleaſant, and the building commodious.

He will alſo ſell, A LOTT of LAND, joining the above on the South, 80 feet in front, and 200 in depth.—For further particulars, enquire of DANIEL LEGARE, jun. JOSIAH SMITH, jun. or JONATHAN BADGER.

SAVAGE & LEGARE,

Have juſt imported, from NEW-YORK,

RUM,—ſhip, milk, and water BREAD, good hard SOAP in boxes,—and a few HAMS:—Which they will ſell on reaſonable terms.

☞ Advertiſements, &c. left out this Week to make Room for News, will be inſerted in a SUPPLEMENT.

IN PURSUANCE of an Order from His Excellency the Governor, in Council, bearing Date the 8th Instant, directing me to contract with some proper Person or Persons, to supply the Troops now quartered in the Barracks, with the several Necessaries required to be supplied them by an Act of Parliament, passed in the Sixth *Year of His present Majesty's Reign*, viz.

CANDLES, VINEGAR, SALT, small BEER, CYDER or RUM: which Articles are to be charged, agreeable to the Directions of said Act, to the PUBLIC of this Province.

Any Person or Persons willing to furnish the Troops with the above Articles, on Accompt of the Public of this Province, are desired to apply to

BENJAMIN SIMONS, *Commissary-General.*

Feb. 13*th*, 1769.

The PARTNERSHIP of

GODFREY & GADSDEN,

Expiring with the present Year,

THEY return their thanks to their FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS for their favours received, and being under a necessity of closing their concerns as soon as possible, they will be additionally obliged to those indebted to them, to discharge the same this crop, that they may be enabled to settle the demands that may be against the copartnership: And, as there is a very large amount of debts in open accompts, that have been long standing, they must insist on the same being paid, or otherwise settled to their satisfaction, as a neglect of so reasonable a demand, will be attended with disagreeable consequences.

Rice, Deer-Skins and Indico, such as we shall approve of, will be taken in payment, at the market price, if offered to us on its arrival in Charles-Town. [tf.]

December 14*th*, 1768.

TO BE SOLD,

(And entered upon the first day of April next.)

THE Lot, Stores and Wharf, in George-Town, now occupied by Messrs. Godfrey & Gadsden, being in the best situation for trade. Also three other Lots, adjoining. Any person inclinable to purchase the same, may apply to

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

THOMAS GADSDEN,

Begs leave to acquaint his FRIENDS, that lately favoured him with their custom and assistance, when in partnership with Mr. GODFREY,

THAT he intends to carry on business in his own name alone, after the close of this year, and will therefore be obliged to them for a CONTINUANCE of their FAVOURS, as he will endavour to keep up a GOOD ASSORTMENT of such GOODS as are usually imported into this province, which he is determined to sell at the most reasonable rates:——Among those on hand, he has printed Linens and Cottons, at 10*d.* and 13*d.* per yard, also a great variety of LINEN DRAPERY GOODS, at *Nine* for *One*, CASH, by the piece or quantity.

Rice, Deer-Skins, and Indico (such as he may approve of) will always be taken, at the market price, in payment of accompts.

☞ WHO is in want of a good, clean, and orderly COOK, on hire, or to purchase.

Daniel Bourdeaux,

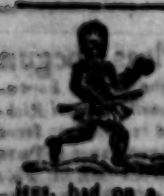
Has lately imported, FOR SALE, at his Store in Tradd Street:

CHOICE WEST-INDIA RUM, by the hogshead or quarter-cask;—Northward distilled ditto, by the like quantity;—Haynes's double BEER, in whole and half barrels;—superfine FLOUR; Ship and Butter BISKET;—BAR IRON, and some excellent CASTILE SOAP, which he will sell on very reasonable terms.

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber in September last, a NEGRO FELLOW named TOM, late the property of the estate of Thomas Drayton, deceased, advertised already in this paper, and supposed he would attempt to pass for being free, having good reason to conclude he is harboured and encouraged to keep him from his duty, by some who strengthen him in his notions of freedom: I hereby offer a reward of £. 25 to any person who will apprehend the said fugitive slave, and deliver him to the warden of the work-house. Also, a further reward of £. 25 to any informer of his being harboured, on conviction of the offender. He is generally known almost throughout the province, more especially about Stono, where he has a wife and children, belonging to one of the Mr. Harvey's.

STEPHEN DRAYTON.



RUN AWAY on the 20th of January last, from the Rev. Mr. Robert Smith's plantation, in St. Thomas's parish, TWO SLAVES, viz—BASTIAN, a well made mustizo, (or rather Indian breed) fellow, near 40 years old, has long black hair, mixt with grey, about 5 feet 10 inches high, a down look, has the marks of sore legs, had on a blue drab cloth coat, jacket and breeches of white plains.——LUCY, his wife, a very black and likely wench, near the same height, wants one or two fore teeth, had on a coat and wrapper of white plains, both this country born, and very sensible, may therefore attempt to get off the province as free, and as they took all their cloaths with them, may appear in a different dress.——All masters of vessels and others, are hereby cautioned from harbouring, entertaining, or carrying off either of the said slaves. FIVE POUNDS reward will be paid for each, and reasonable charges, if delivered in Charles-Town to the warden of the work-house, or at said plantation to the overseer. And TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS reward to any informer of their being harboured by any white person, on conviction of the offender, by

WILLIAM GIBBES,
BENJAMIN SIMONS, Junior. } Attornies.

BENJAMIN COWARD, living on Mr. John Moultrie's plantation near Goose-Creek Bridge, informs me of two strayed HORSES, the one a dark roan, branded on the near buttock I, with a blotched brand beside it;—the other a bright bay, with a blotched brand on the off shoulder, each about 14 hands high, strayed into the said plantation. Whoever owns them, must prove their property before

JOHN REMINGTON, *J. P.*

February 10*th*, 1769.

I AM INFORMED of a dark roan GELDING, 14 hands and an half high, branded on the mounting buttock with an obscure brand; It is said he has been about Back-river for above a year past. The owner may prove his property before

Goose Creek, Feb. 13, 1769. HENRY SMITH.

CHOICE JAMAICA MUSCOVADO SUGAR, to be sold, by

WILLIAM HINCKLEY.

At STOTT'S

MANCHESTER WARE-HOUSE,

BEDON's ALLEY.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Freeholder, Captain Morvill, from Liverpool;——A compleat assortment of FELT, CASTOR, and BEAVER HATS, to be sold upon their usual cheap terms, for *READY MONEY.*

The SUBSCRIBER

TAKES this public method to return his most cordial thanks to all his Friends and others, that have been pleased to employ him for near twenty years past: And to acquaint them, that he has quitted his business, in favour of

Mr. WILLIAM BEGBIE,

(formerly his Fortman) and

Mr. DANIEL MANSON,

To whom he has sold his most convenient Wharves and Stock of Materials at Hobcaw, and who have his Wharves and People in Town; begging leave to recommend them to his Friends, and the Public in general, as regular-bred SHIP-BUILDERS, and men of integrity and abilities, and whose behaviour he makes no doubt, will further recommend them.

JOHN ROSE.

February 15*th*, 1769.

CADE,

COVERS at Mr. Williamson's plantation, near Ramswic'-bridge, until the first of May, at THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS each Mare, and a Dollar to the Groom; and after that, at Mr. Haskins's, at Indian-Land, upon the same terms and conditions.—Any mare proving not in foal, shall be covered the following season, *gratis.*

N. B. No Mare will be received without the money.

*** As the proprietor of CADE is desirous of having some *blooded* Mares to the horse, he will admit any number of gentlemen, not exceeding twelve, to send a mare *gratis*, (only paying a Dollar to the Groom) provided the mare sent was got by either *Pharoah, Starling, Pan*, or *Brutus*, with a certificate from the breeder; the certificate and mare must be sent by the first of April, and not sooner, as the horse is to be carried to the Southward in a month after, at which time it is expected those gentlemen who send mares will take them away, as Mr. Williamson's pasturage is not the best, and the mares might suffer by their neglect in not complying with this request.

CENTINEL

WILL COVER THIS SEASON,

AT Mr. *John Gibbs's* plantation (late Doctor *Murray's*) about two miles from Charles-Town, at *FIVE POUNDS* sterling each mare, and one Dollar to the Groom.

No Mare will be received sooner than the first of April—The Money to be sent, and an order from the owner.

Good pasturage for the Mares, and great care will be taken of them.

N. B. CENTINEL will have the same *Black Groom* who formerly took care of him.

RUN AWAY, 20th of February 1769, a very black Angola NEGRO MAN named JACK, about 26 years old, with his country marks on his forehead and each temple; had on a blue negro cloth trowsers and striped waistcoat, and jacket without sleeves; supposed to be harboured at Mr. Pike's place up the Path, where he had a wife. THREE POUNDS reward will be paid to whoever delivers him to the warden of the work-house, or to me, and FIFTY POUNDS on information of any white person's harbouring him, to be paid on conviction, by ELEANOR PAYNE.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber,

A NEGRO FELLOW, named NED, formerly the property of Mr. Gray. Whoever will deliver him to the warden of the work-house, or to me at my plantation in St. Thomas's, shall receive TEN POUNDS reward,—and ONE HUNDRED POUNDS to any person that can inform of his being harboured by any white person, on conviction of the offender, or if harboured by a negro TWENTY POUNDS will be given to the informer, on conviction.

ISAAC HUGER.

THE Subscriber is in immediate want of an OVERSEER, for his plantation on the Great Swamp at Ashepoo. A person properly qualified, will meet with good encouragement, by applying to Mr. HENRY HYRNE, at Ashepoo, or in Charles-Town, to

JOHN WARD.

N. B. None need apply, but such as can bring with them a good recommendation.

February 12*th*, 1769.

DANIEL BLAKE,

INTENDS to go to England this Spring, therefore desires all persons indebted to him, by bond, note or otherwise, to discharge the same by the first day of April next.

He also desires all persons indebted to *William Blake*, and *Benjamin Stead*, Esq.'s, by bond, to pay up their arrears of interest, by the same day.

WHEREAS we now find (from sundry losses in our trade at George-Town) that we cannot fully pay all our debts, and, being desirous to do strict justice, so far as is in our power, putting all persons that we are indebted to on a footing; do hereby request a meeting of all our creditors, in Charles-Town, at Mr. Dillon's, on Wednesday the 5th day of April next, in order to determine on some plan for securing to them a proportion of their several demands on us, so far as can then be done and in our power to do: And, in the mean time, we desire that our several creditors will furnish us with a state of their demands.——And, that all persons indebted to us, will immediately pay or settle the same, the better to enable us to satisfy our creditors.

SHACKELFORD & LUPTAN.

George-Town, January 27*th*, 1769.

A NEW EDITION of all the WORKS of the celebrated JOHN WILKES, Esq; is now publishing by Mr. JAMES RIVINGTON, Bookseller, in New York, in 3 Vols. Octavo, at the low Price of *Two Dollars* and *a Quarter* the Sett. ☞ *The Paper manufactured, and all the Printing performed, in America.* ☜ Subscriptions taken in at the Printing-Office in *Broad-street.*

I AM informed of a bay trotting GELDING, near 14 hands high, with a small star in his forehead branded on the mounting buttock Th S, the Th in one. The owner may prove his or her property before

Goose-Creek, January 27*th*, 1769. HENRY SMITH.

TO BE SOLD, by

EDWARD LIGHTWOOD,

In TRADD-STREET, CHARLES-TOWN.

A TRACT OF LAND, near George-Town, Winyaw, containing 600 acres, bounding to the South-west and South-east on Mr. Law's land, and to the North-west and North-east on lands belonging to John Grear, and Elisha Screven:—These lands were the property of Mr. Daniel Laroche, and sold to Edward Lightwood, in whose hands are the titles.

ROGER CHAMPNEYS,

INTENDS TO FOLLOW THE BUSINESS OF

VENDUE MASTER,

AND will be obliged to his FRIENDS that may please to employ him in that branch; also in the

FACTORAGE BUSINESS,

which he intends likewise to follow, and has a convenient store on his Brother's wharf for carrying on the same.

Where may be had *Jamaica, West India* and *Northward RUM*, and *Madra WINE*, by the quarter cask, or any quantity, not less than three gallons, for cash, or three months credit.

Orders from Town or Country, will be faithfully and punctually attended to.

ANDREW RUTLEDGE,

Acquaints his Friends, that he has just imported, in the London, *Capt.* Curling, *from LONDON:*

A neat and general Assortment of GOODS;

WHICH, he assures his customers, he shall dispose of on the LOWEST TERMS:—And, as he took a great care in the choice of them, hopes to give satisfaction to those who will favour him with their custom.

Exceeding good OSNABRUGS, at 3/6 a yard, for *cash.*

Jonathan Sayrazin,

JEWELLER,

HAS JUST IMPORTED, *In the Heart of Oak, Captain Gunn from LONDON:*

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

JEWELLERY & PLATE;

Consisting of the following Articles, viz.

TANKARDS, coffee pots, waiters, punch bowls, ladles and strainers, sugar dishes, tea and cream pots, castors in silver and wood frames, table, tea spoons and ladles, swords and cutteaus silk and morocco sword belts of all kinds, green handle knives and forks in shagreen cases, spare shagreen cases, double flint glass candlesticks, womens and mens stone shoe, knee and stock buckles, from £. 5 to £. 70 a pair, of a variety of patterns, and the newest fashion, diamond, ruby, emerald, topaz, opal, marcasite, garnet, paste and pearl necklaces, ear and finger rings, with aigrets sprigs and pins, plain Tortoise shell and jewelled combs, ivory and pearl fish and counters, and every article in the JEWELLERY and SILVER-SMITHS WAY, may be had at his Shop, at as low an advance as any ever yet sold in the province, and for cash, as cheap as may be bought in the Retail Shops in London.

All kinds of JEWELLERY & SILVERSMITHS WORK done at said shop, as usual, in the neatest manner, and with the quickest dispatch.——Where most Money is given for Old Plate and Jewels.

N. B. Silversmiths forging and planishing hammers, and most kind of Silversmiths Tools, sold as above.

Charles-Town, February 1st, 1769.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general assembly of this province, intituled, "an act "to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* colonies to be at *five pounds* and *fifteen shillings, per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *three pounds* and *fifteen shillings*, (being both used by the bakers); at which price the HALF CROWN loaves must weigh, as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White,	1	13	0	White,	2	11	0
Wheaten,	2	11	8	Wheaten,	4	0	8
Houshold,	3	10	0	Houshold,	5	6	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due notice. BENJAMIN SIMONS, Com. Gen.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

ARCHIBALD CRAWFORD, of the Province aforesaid, who is in Custody of the Provost-Marshal, upon Mesne Process, at the Suit of James Mc Clenachan, having petitioned the honourable the Justices of his Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors: IT IS ORDERED, That the said James McClenachan, and all others to whom the said Petitioner is any wise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have Notice, to appear at the usual Place of Judicature, at the first sitting of the Court of Common Pleas or General Sessions, which shall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to shew Cause, if any they can, why the said Petitioner should not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, January 3d, 1769.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN GEORGE RIPPLEY, of the Province aforesaid, who is in Custody of the Provost-Marshal, by Virtue of Two Writs of Capias ad Respondendum, One at the Suit of Isaac Lesesne, and the other at the Suit of Thomas Shirley, having petitioned the honourable the Justices of his Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors: IT IS ORDERED, That the said Isaac Lesesne and Thomas Shirley, and all others to whom the said Petitioner is any wise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have Notice, to appear at the usual Place of Judicature, at the first sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to shew Cause, if any they can, why the said Petitioner should not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, January 3d, 1769.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY, at the Printing-Office in Broad-Street.